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असाधारण

EXTRAORDINARY

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इस भाग में भिन्न पृष्ठ संख्या दी जाती है जिससे कि यह अलग संकलन के रूप में रखा जा सके।  
Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

## MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE (Legislative Department)

*New Delhi, the 22nd December, 2004/Pausa 1, 1926 (Saka)*

The following Act of Parliament received the assent of the President on the 21st December, 2004, and is hereby published for general information:—

### THE PREVENTION OF TERRORISM (REPEAL) ACT, 2004

NO. 26 OF 2004

[21st December, 2004.]

An Act to repeal the Prevention of Terrorism Act, 2002.

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Fifty-fifth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

- (1) This Act may be called the Prevention of Terrorism (Repeal) Act, 2004. Short title and commencement.
- (2) It shall be deemed to have come into force on the 21st day of September, 2004.
- (1) The Prevention of Terrorism Act, 2002 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act) is hereby repealed. Repeal of Act 15 of 2002 and saving.
- (2) The repeal of the principal Act shall not affect—

(a) the previous operation of, or anything duly done or suffered under the principal Act, or

(b) any right, privilege or obligation or liability acquired, accrued or incurred under the principal Act, or

(c) any penalty, forfeiture or punishment incurred in respect of any offence under the principal Act, or

(d) any investigation, legal proceeding or remedy in respect of any such right, privilege, obligation, liability, penalty, forfeiture or punishment as aforesaid,

and, any such investigation, legal proceeding or remedy may be instituted, continued or enforced and any such penalty, forfeiture or punishment may be imposed as if the principal Act had not been repealed:

Provided that notwithstanding anything contained in this sub-section or in any other law for the time being in force, no court shall take cognizance of an offence under the principal Act after the expiry of the period of one year from the commencement of this Act.

(3) Notwithstanding the repeal of section 60 of the principal Act, the Review Committee constituted by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of that section, whether or not an application under sub-section (4) of that section has been made, shall review all cases registered under the principal Act as to whether there is a *prima facie* case for proceeding against the accused thereunder and such review shall be completed within a period of one year from the commencement of this Act and where the Review Committee is of the opinion that there is no *prima facie* case for proceeding against the accused, then,—

(a) in cases in which cognizance has been taken by the Court, the cases shall be deemed to have been withdrawn; and

(b) in cases in which investigations are pending, the investigations shall be closed forthwith,

with effect from the date of issuance of the direction by such Review Committee in this regard.

(4) The Review Committee constituted by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 60 of the principal Act shall, while reviewing cases, have powers of a civil court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 in respect of the following matters, namely:—

(a) discovery and production of any document;

(b) requisitioning any public record or copy thereof from any court or office.

(5) The Central Government may constitute more Review Committees, as it may consider necessary, for completing the review within the period specified in sub-section (3).

3. (1) The Prevention of Terrorism (Repeal) Ordinance, 2004 is hereby repealed. Ord 1 of 2004.

(2) Notwithstanding such repeal, anything done or any action taken under the said Ordinance shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of this Act.

Repeal and saving.

T. K. VISWANATHAN,  
Secy. to the Govt. of India.